Application No.: 10/714,157

Office Action Dated: April 13, 2007

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1-9. (Canceled)

10. (Currently Amended) A method for improving the efficiency of a message processing system, comprising:

determining a workload of a message processing system <u>by accessing performance</u> data regarding the message processing system, and determining, using the performance data, the workload with respect to a system operating parameter;

polling for a new message according to the workload status;

identifying a blocked instance being processed by the message processing system;

calculating an expected idle time for the blocked instance by:

accessing performance data for the message processing system;

determining a length of time the blocked instance has been idle; and

generating the expected idle time based on the performance data and length of time the blocked instance has been idle; [[and]]

dehydrating the blocked instance if the expected idle time exceeds a predetermined threshold;

updating the workload according to the dehydration of the instance; and updating the threshold according to the workload.

11. (Canceled)

- 12. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[11]] <u>10</u>, wherein the accessed performance data is memory usage.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[11]] 10, wherein the accessed performance data is processor power in use by the message processing system.

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14-15. (Canceled)

16. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the polling step is carried out at a

frequency that is inversely proportional to the workload.

17. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the polling step is carried out at one

of a first or second frequencies, wherein the first frequency is greater than the second

frequency.

18. (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the polling step further comprises

polling only for a new non-activation message.

19. (Canceled)

20. (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[19]], wherein the performance data

is assigned according to a predetermined criterion if no performance data is accessible.

21. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the blocked instance is a first

instance, and the performance data comprises a recorded idle time of a second instance.

22. (Canceled)

23. (Original) A method for managing a workload of a message processing system,

comprising:

determining the workload of the message processing system;

polling for a new message at a frequency, wherein the frequency is inversely

proportional to the workload and, if the workload is above a predetermined limit, polling only

for a new non-activation message;

identifying a blocked instance being processed by the message processing system and,

if the blocked instance has no executable segments:

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calculating an expected idle time for the blocked instance based on performance data relating to the message processing system; and

determining whether the expected idle time exceeds a predetermined threshold and, if so,

dehydrating the blocked instance;

updating the workload according to the dehydration; and

updating the performance data according to the polling of the new message.

24. (Canceled)

25. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium having computer-readable instructions for performing a method for improving the efficiency of a message processing system, the method comprising:

determining a workload of a message processing system <u>by accessing performance</u> data regarding the message processing system, and determining, using the performance data, the workload with respect to a system operating parameter;

polling for a new message according to the workload status;

identifying a blocked instance being processed by the message processing system;

calculating an expected idle time for the blocked instance by:

accessing performance data for the message processing system;

determining a length of time the blocked instance has been idle; and

generating the expected idle time based on the performance data and length of time

the blocked instance has been idle; [[and]]

dehydrating the blocked instance if the expected idle time exceeds a predetermined threshold;

updating the workload according to the dehydration of the instance; and updating the threshold according to the workload.

26. (Canceled)

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27. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable medium of claim [[26]] <u>25</u>, wherein

the accessed performance data is memory usage.

28. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable medium of claim [[26]] 25, wherein

the accessed performance data is processor power in use by the message processing system.

29-30 (Canceled)

31. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 25, wherein the polling step

is carried out at a frequency, wherein the frequency is inversely proportional to the workload.

32. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 25, wherein the polling step

is carried out at one of a first or second frequencies, wherein the first frequency is greater

than the second frequency.

33. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 32, wherein the polling step

further comprises polling only for a new non-activation message.

34. (Canceled)

35. (Currently Amended) The computer-readable medium of claim [[34]] 25, wherein

the performance data is assigned according to a predetermined criterion if no performance

data is accessible.

36. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 25, wherein the blocked

instance is a first instance, and the performance data comprises a recorded idle time of a

second instance.

37. (Canceled)

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38. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable <u>storage</u> medium having computer-executable instructions for performing a method for managing a workload of a message processing system, the method comprising:

determining the workload of the message processing system;

polling for a new message at a frequency, wherein the frequency is inversely proportional to the workload and, if the workload is above a predetermined limit, polling only for a new non-activation message;

identifying a blocked instance being processed by the message processing system and, if the blocked instance has no executable segments:

calculating an expected idle time for the blocked instance based on performance data relating to the message processing system; and

determining whether the expected idle time exceeds a predetermined threshold and, if so,

dehydrating the blocked instance; updating the workload according to the dehydration; and updating the performance data according to the polling of the new message.

39. (Canceled)